GIT Assignment 3

1. What is git stockpile, and how does it work? How do you use it?

A queuing mechanism which supports the durable storage and retrieval of data.

1. Describe the various branching strategies.

Git Flow:The *main* branch always reflects the current production state. There is a second long-running branch, typically called *develop*. All feature branches start from here and will be merged into *develop*.

GitHub Flow:there is one long-running branch, the default *main* branch. Anything you’re actively working on has its own separate branch. It doesn’t matter if that’s a feature, a bug fix, or a refactoring.

1. How do you remove data from Git without being removed from your system?

Add that file into .gitignore

1. In Git, what does 'index' or 'hosting location' mean?

The Git index is a staging area between the working directory and repository

hosting location is where the files and history will reside.

1. What is the difference between 'git remote' and 'git duplicate'?

git remote is used to refer to a remote repository or your central repository

git clone creates a bare clone of the repository

1. What is Git Remote's purpose?

git remote is used to refer to a remote repository or your central repository

1. How can I clear up a git reflog?

git reflog expire or git reflog delete

1. How can you distinguish between the git pull and git bring commands?

git pull brings down all the files changed, into local.